OCTOBER 13, 2020

CISQ ASSESSMENT REPORT



CISQ COMPLIANCE REPORT

Sample Application name – Gridlock



This is a sample report generated by CAST Software's Application Intelligence Platform ("AIP").

AIP has an outstanding prior performance within US Public Sector (DoD, Civilian, & State), the Global 2,000 largest corporations, Global & Federal System Integrators, Advisory Consultancies, and Independent Software Vendors ("ISV").

For more information about CAST Software solutions and to discuss how you may access a CISQ assessment for your own systems contact CAST at: publicsector@castsoftware.com.

CAST is a proud sponsor of CISQ's essential work since 2010.

www.castsoftware.com



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Introduction

This assessment is an effort to determine the overall quality of the Gridlock applications against CISQ rules and measure the overall health of the application. This assessment uses the CAST Application Intelligence Platform (AIP) (Version 8.3) to automatically scan the implementation of these applications to review the architecture, design, and code against current industry best practices and known design flaws that may impact performance.

CAST AIP applies over 1200 engineering checks based on standards and measurements developed by the Software Engineering Institute (SEI), International Standards Organization (ISO), Consortium for Information & Software Quality (CISQ), the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE) and the technology provider industry. The resulting analysis identifies specific flaws in the software and aggregates this information into metrics to objectively quantify the structural quality of the application.

CAST Appmarq is a benchmarking database of AIP analyses, and it compares application to peers in the same vertical and/or technology and ranks the application among its peers.

About CISQ – Consortium for Information & Software Quality

The Consortium for Information and Software Quality[™] (CISQ[™]) is an IT industry leadership group comprised of IT executives from the Global 2,000, public sector, system integrators, outsourced service providers, and software technology vendors committed to introducing computable metrics standards for measuring software quality & size. CISQ is a neutral, open forum in which customers and suppliers of IT application software can develop an industry-wide agenda of actions for improving IT application quality to reduce cost and risk.

Automated Code Quality Measures

CISQ has developed Automated Quality Characteristic Measures to measure and manage the structural quality of IT application software. The automated measures for Security, Reliability, Performance Efficiency, and Maintainability are now OMG® approved standards making them global standards for use by IT organizations.



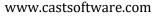
These measures were developed from coding rules covering some of the most serious violations of good architectural and coding practices that should be avoided and can be detected through static code analysis. Each measure counts the number of violations of the architectural and coding rules related to that quality characteristic, and then can be used in creating metrics for defect density, etc.

| <u>Security</u> | Critical security violations in the source code drawn from the Top 25 security weaknesses in the Common Weakness Enumeration (CWE) repository |
|---|---|
| <u>Reliability</u> | Critical violations of availability, fault tolerance, and recoverability of software |
| <u>Performance</u> <u>Efficiency</u> | Critical violations of response time, as well as processor, memory, and utilization of other resources by the software |
| <u>Maintainability</u> | Critical violations of modularity, architectural compliance, reusability, analyzability, and changeability in software |

About CAST CISQ Compliance Assessment

CAST offers CISQ compliant application assessment. Currently CAST supports 76 of the CISQ-86 with roadmaps to complete the coverage. The scoring mechanism CAST follows is consistent with ISO best practices, simple and easy to understand. Below are the four software characteristics against which CISQ and CAST detects the violations-

- 1. Security
- 2. Reliability
- 3. Performance efficiency
- 4. Maintainability

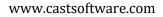




Assessment Results

Current Snapshot

| Application name | Gridlock |
|----------------------------------|------------------|
| Version | 9.0.1 |
| Analysis date | October 13. 2020 |
| Total violations | 1229 |
| Added violations | 230 |
| Removed violations | 236 |
| Δ from previous snapshots | -6 |





Assessment Summary

| SOFTWARE CHARACTERISTICS | TOTAL | ADDED | FIXED | OPPS | % | APPMARQ RANK | APPMARQ QUARTILE |
|-----------------------------|-------|-------|-------|------|-----|-----------------|---------------------------|
| Security | 83 | 26 | 41 | 778 | 99% | 21/312 | 1st (93 %ile) |
| Reliability | 322 | 54 | 68 | 707 | 98% | 43/312 | 1st (86 %ile) |
| Performance Efficiency | 442 | 80 | 69 | 796 | 96% | 56/312 | 1 st (82 %ile) |
| Maintainability | 362 | 70 | 58 | 793 | 97% | 37/312 | 1 st (88 %ile) |

TOTAL – Total number of violations in the application

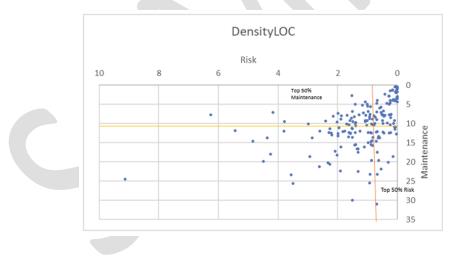
ADDED – Number of violations added in last release

FIXED – Number of violations removed in last release

OPPS – Number of opportunities (No of artifacts, which has the potential to introduce risks)

% – Compliance percentage (1- Total Violations/ No of Opportunity)

Gridlock is in the top 15% of applications in its class and has improved in both aspects. This represents the operational stability (Reliability, Security and Performance Efficiency) and Maintainability, which is adjusted for Lines of Code



Details of violations

Security

| RULE ID | RULE NAME | TOTAL | ADDED | FIXED | OPPS | % |
|----------------|---|-------|-------|-------|------|------|
| ASCSM-CWE-022: | Path Traversal Improper Input Neutralization | 10 | 6 | 7 | 756 | 99% |
| ASCSM-CWE-078: | OS Command Injection Improper Input Neutralization | 12 | 2 | 10 | 609 | 99% |
| ASCSM-CWE-079: | Cross-site Scripting Improper Input Neutralization | 7 | 6 | 9 | 547 | 99% |
| ASCSM-CWE-089: | SQL Injection Improper Input Neutralization | 3 | 2 | 3 | 999 | 99% |
| ASCSM-CWE-99: | Name or Reference Resolution Improper Input Neutralization | 5 | 3 | 4 | 803 | 96% |
| ASCSM-CWE-134: | Format String Improper Input Neutralization | 24 | 6 | 6 | 902 | 96% |
| ASCSM-CWE-396: | Declaration of Catch for Generic Exception | 22 | 1 | 2 | 876 | 95% |
| ASCSM-CWE-397: | Declaration of Throws for Generic Exception | 0 | 0 | 0 | 917 | 100% |
| ASCSM-CWE-434: | File Upload Improper Input Neutralization | 0 | 0 | 0 | 591 | 100% |
| ASCSM-CWE-456: | Storable and Member Data Element Missing Initialization | 0 | 0 | 0 | 821 | 100% |
| ASCSM-CWE-772: | Missing Release of Resource after Effective Lifetime | 0 | 0 | 0 | 514 | 100% |
| ASCSM-CWE-835: | Loop with Unreachable Exit Condition (Infinite Loop) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 520 | 100% |



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Reliability

| RULE ID | RULE NAME | TOTAL | ADDED | FIXED | OPP S | % |
|-----------------------------|---|-------|-------|-------|----------|------|
| ASCRM-CWE-252-data: | Unchecked Return Parameter Value of named Callable and Method Control Element with Read, Write, and Manage Access to Data Resource | 35 | 8 | 10 | 973 | 97% |
| ASCRM-CWE-252- resource: | Unchecked Return Parameter Value of named Callable and Method Control Element with Read, Write, and Manage Access to Platform Resource | 30 | 8 | 8 | 880 | 95% |
| ASCRM-CWE-396: | Declaration of Catch for Generic Exception | 48 | 4 | 10 | 563 | 93% |
| ASCRM-CWE-397: | Declaration of Throws for Generic Exception | 23 | 6 | 4 | 684 | 94% |
| ASCRM-CWE-456: | Storable and Member Data Element Missing Initialization | 46 | 7 | 1 | 702 | 93% |
| ASCRM-CWE-674: | Uncontrolled Recursion | 28 | 10 | 7 | 734 | 97% |
| ASCRM-CWE-788: | Memory Location Access After End of Buffer | | 4 | 1 | 942 | 100% |
| ASCRM-RLB-01: | Empty Exception Block | 39 | 1 | 7 | 712 | 95% |
| ASCRM-RLB-03: | Serializable Storable Data Element with non-Serializable Item Elements | 26 | 3 | 10 | 795 | 96% |
| ASCRM-RLB-04: | Persistent Storable Data Element without Proper Comparison Control Element | 47 | 3 | 10 | 946 | 95% |
| ASCRM-RLB-05: | Runtime Resource Management Control Element in a Component Built to Run on Application Servers | 0 | 0 | 0 | 968 | 100% |
| ASCRM-RLB-08: | Named Callable and Method Control Elements with Variadic Parameter Element | 0 | 0 | 0 | 929 | 100% |
| ASCRM-RLB-09: | Float Type Storable and Member Data Element Comparison with Equality Operator | 0 | 0 | 0 | 661 | 100% |
| ASCRM-RLB-10: | Data Access Control Element from Outside Designated Data Manager Component | 0 | 0 | 0 | 627 | 100% |
| ASCRM-RLB-11: | Named Callable and Method Control Element in Multi-Thread Context with non- Final Static Storable or Member Element | 0 | 0 | 0 | 843 | 100% |
| ASCRM-RLB-12: | Singleton Class Instance Creation without Proper Lock Element Management | 0 | 0 | 0 | 857 | 100% |
| ASCRM-RLB-13: | Inter-Module Dependency Cycles | 0 | 0 | 0 | 906 | 100% |
| ASCRM-RLB-14: | Parent Class Element with References to Child Class Element | 0 | 0 | 0 | 769 | 100% |
| ASCRM-RLB-18: | Storable and Member Data Element Initialization with Hard-Coded Network Resource Configuration Data | 0 | 0 | 0 | 590 | 100% |
| ASCRM-RLB-19: | Synchronous Call Time-Out Absence | 0 | 0 | 0 | 981 | 100% |



Performance Efficiency

| | | | | 1 | | 1 |
|----------------|---|-------|-------|-------|------|-----|
| RULE ID | RULE NAME | TOTAL | ADDED | FIXED | OPPS | % |
| ASCPEM-PRF-02: | Immutable Storable and Member Data Element Creation | 37 | 8 | 8 | 826 | 97% |
| ASCPEM-PRF-03: | Static Member Data Element outside of a Singleton Class Element | 43 | 4 | 2 | 858 | 96% |
| ASCPEM-PRF-05: | Data Resource Read Access Unsupported by Index Element | 35 | 8 | 4 | 631 | 96% |
| ASCPEM-PRF-06: | Large Data Resource ColumnSet Excessive Number of Index Elements | 26 | 6 | 3 | 994 | 97% |
| ASCPEM-PRF-07: | Large Data Resource ColumnSet with Index Element of Excessive Size | 24 | 6 | 8 | 554 | 94% |
| ASCPEM-PRF-08: | Control Elements Requiring Significant Resource Element within Control Flow Loop Block | 35 | 7 | 2 | 906 | 95% |
| ASCPEM-PRF-09: | Non-Stored SQL Callable Control Element with Excessive Number of Data Resource Access | 50 | 10 | 5 | 897 | 96% |
| ASCPEM-PRF-10: | Non-SQL Named Callable and Method Control Element with Excessive Number of Data Resource Access | 34 | 1 | 10 | 825 | 97% |
| ASCPEM-PRF-11: | Data Access Control Element from Outside Designated Data Manager Component | 27 | 8 | 3 | 581 | 94% |
| ASCPEM-PRF-12: | Storable and Member Data Element Excessive Number of Aggregated Storable and Member Data Elements | 43 | 9 | 3 | 681 | 94% |
| ASCPEM-PRF-13: | Data Resource Access not using Connection Pooling capability | 23 | 4 | 2 | 574 | 95% |
| ASCPEM-PRF-14: | Storable and Member Data Element Memory Allocation Missing De-Allocation Control Element | 48 | 7 | 10 | 568 | 96% |
| ASCPEM-PRF-15: | Storable and Member Data Element Reference Missing De-Referencing Control Element | 37 | 2 | 9 | 916 | 96% |



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Maintainability

| RULE ID | RULE NAME | TOTAL | ADDED | FIXED | OPPS | % |
|---------------|---|-------|-------|-------|------|------|
| ASCMM-MNT-03: | Storable and Member Data Element Initialization with Hard-Coded Literals | 20 | 7 | 7 | 535 | 94% |
| ASCMM-MNT-05: | Loop Value Update within the Loop | 20 | 4 | 5 | 553 | 94% |
| ASCMM-MNT-06: | Commented Code Element Excessive Volume | 25 | 10 | 4 | 805 | 95% |
| ASCMM-MNT-07: | Inter-Module Dependency Cycles | 39 | 10 | 7 | 620 | 97% |
| ASCMM-MNT-08: | Source Element Excessive Size | 30 | 10 | 1 | 614 | 97% |
| ASCMM-MNT-09: | Horizontal Layer Excessive Number | 49 | 5 | 6 | 836 | 96% |
| ASCMM-MNT-10: | Named Callable and Method Control Element Multi-Layer Span | 42 | 3 | 2 | 675 | 93% |
| ASCMM-MNT-11: | Callable and Method Control Element Excessive Cyclomatic Complexity Value | 44 | 7 | 5 | 845 | 94% |
| ASCMM-MNT-12: | Named Callable and Method Control Element with Layer-skipping Call | 33 | 2 | 10 | 926 | 95% |
| ASCMM-MNT-13: | Callable and Method Control Element Excessive Number of Parameters | 36 | 4 | 9 | 859 | 96% |
| ASCMM-MNT-14: | Callable and Method Control Element Excessive Number of Control Elements involving Data Element from Data Manager or File Resource | 24 | 8 | 2 | 974 | 97% |
| ASCMM-MNT-15: | Public Member Element | 0 | 0 | 0 | 578 | 100% |
| ASCMM-MNT-16: | Method Control Element Usage of Member Element from other Class Element | 0 | 0 | 0 | 820 | 100% |
| ASCMM-MNT-17: | Class Element Excessive Inheritance Level | 0 | 0 | 0 | 994 | 100% |
| ASCMM-MNT-18: | Class Element Excessive Number of Children | 0 | 0 | 0 | 885 | 100% |
| ASCMM-MNT-19: | Named Callable and Method Control Element Excessive Similarity | 0 | 0 | 0 | 509 | 100% |
| ASCMM-MNT-20: | Unreachable Named Callable or Method Control Element | 0 | 0 | 0 | 958 | 100% |



Location of Violations

Security

ASCSM-CWE-022: Path Traversal Improper Input Neutralization

| CLASS PATH | LINE | STATUS |
|--|------|--------|
| com.ie.atom.core.shelf.edit.userValidation.doPost | 79 | |
| com.ie.atom.core.rack.edit.userValidation.doPost | 76 | |
| com.ie.atom.core.exchange.edit.userValidation.doPost | 56 | |
| com.ie.atom.core.patchpanel.edit.userValidation.doPost | 27 | |
| com.ie.atom.core.FPP.edit.userValidation.doPost | 39 | Added |
| com.ie.atom.core.Card.edit.userValidation.doPost | 86 | Added |
| com.ie.atom.core.SubCard.edit.userValidation.doPost | 72 | Added |
| com.ie.atom.core.ModuleCard.edit.userValidation.doPost | 59 | Added |
| com.ie.atom.core.SOF.edit.userValidation.doPost | 97 | Added |
| com.ie.atom.core.DDF.edit.userValidation.doPost | 106 | Added |

ASCSM-CWE-078: OS Command Injection Improper Input Neutralization

| CLASS PATH | LINE | STATUS |
|---|------|--------|
| com.ie.atom.admin.shelf.edit.edit.doPost | 23 | |
| com.ie.atom.admin.rack.edit.edit.doPost | 54 | |
| com.ie.atom.admin.exchange.edit.edit.doPost | 78 | |
| com.ie.atom.admin.patchpanel.edit.edit.doPost | 114 | |
| com.ie.atom.admin.FPP.edit.edit.doPost | 21 | |
| com.ie.atom.admin.Card.edit.edit.doPost | 87 | |
| com.ie.atom.admin.SubCard.edit.edit.doPost | 67 | |
| com.ie.atom.admin.ModuleCard.edit.edit.doPost | 73 | |
| com.ie.atom.admin.SOF.edit.edit.doPost | 18 | |
| com.ie.atom.admin.DDF.edit.edit.doPost | 99 | |
| com.ie.atom.admin.shelf.edit.edit.doPost | 46 | Added |
| com.ie.atom.admin.rack.edit.edit.doPost | 76 | Added |



ASCSM-CWE-079: Cross-site Scripting Improper Input Neutralization

| CLASS PATH | LINE | STATUS |
|--|------|--------|
| Com.ie.atom.admin.patchpanel.home.doPost | 32 | |
| Com.ie.atom.admin.rack.home.doPost | 21 | Added |
| Com.ie.atom.admin.shelf.home.doPost | 45 | Added |
| Com.ie.atom.admin.shelf.home.doPost | 56 | Added |
| Com.ie.atom.admin.patchpanel.home.doPost | 29 | Added |
| Com.ie.atom.admin.rack.home.doPost | 96 | Added |
| Com.ie.atom.admin.shelf.home.doPost | 57 | Added |

ASCSM-CWE-089: SQL Injection Improper Input Neutralization

| CLASS PATH | LINE | STATUS |
|--|------|--------|
| Com.ie.atom.admin.patchpanel.save.doPost | 79 | |
| Com.ie.atom.admin.rack.save.doPost | 76 | Added |
| Com.ie.atom.admin.shelf.save.doPost | 56 | Added |

ASCSM-CWE-089: SQL Injection Improper Input Neutralization

| CLASS PATH | LINE | STATUS |
|--|------|--------|
| Com.ie.atom.admin.patchpanel.home.doPost | 89 | |
| Com.ie.atom.admin.rack.home.doPost | 76 | |
| Com.ie.atom.admin.shelf.home.doPost | 34 | Added |
| com.ie.atom.admin.shelf.edit.edit.doPost | 98 | Added |
| com.ie.atom.admin.rack.edit.edit.doPost | 65 | Added |



This is a sample artifact. The details of other rules have been removed.



Appendix

About CAST AIP

CAST AIP connects into all major SCM systems. CAST AIP can also be configured to analyze application source code in whatever format it is maintained in the organization. Source code is then processed and stored in the CAST Knowledge Base as metadata, which forms the basis for the analysis and information provided by CAST AIP. CAST assesses the **entire** application as a single entity, the only way to verify what is actually deployed into production —this can include legacy components, packaged app customizations, frameworks and all modern distributed technology environments. Data from third party code analyzers can be integrated into the CAST Knowledge Base and displayed in AIP dashboards. CAST AIP integrates seamlessly into DevOps or DevSecOps automation chains to allow for ongoing automation. CAST AIP is deployed within many of the largest software factories in the world.

About CISQ Software Characteristics

Security

Security assesses the degree to which an application protects information and data so that persons or other products or systems have the degree of data access appropriate to their types and levels of authorization (ISO 25010). Security measures the risk of potential security breaches due to poor coding and architectural practices. Security problems have been studied extensively by the Software Assurance community and have been codified in the Common Weakness Enumeration (CWE) at <u>cwe.mitre.org</u>.

The CISQ Automated Source Code Security Measure draws from the <u>CWE/SANS Institute Top 25 Most</u> <u>Dangerous Software Errors</u> and identifies the most widespread and frequently exploited security weaknesses in software. Twenty-two of these weaknesses are detectable through analyzing the source code and form the basis of the CISQ measure. These 22 weaknesses constitute the most frequent ways unauthorized parties breach a system. Thus, the CISQ measure is a good predictor of how easily an application can suffer unauthorized penetration that results in stolen information, altered records, or other forms of malicious behavior.



Reliability

Reliability measures the risk of potential application failures and the stability of an application when confronted with unexpected conditions. According to ISO/IEC/IEEE 24765, Reliability is the degree to which a system, product, or component performs specified functions under specified conditions for a specified period of time. The reason for checking and monitoring Reliability is to prevent or at least reduce application downtime, outages, data corruption, and errors that directly affect users.

The CISQ Automated Source Code Reliability Measure is composed from 29 critical violations of architectural and coding practice that affect the availability, fault tolerance, recoverability, and data integrity of an application. The CISQ Reliability measure produces a quality score based on the count of violations discovered in the software and can be turned into a density measure when divided by the size of the software.

Performance Efficiency

Performance Efficiency assesses characteristics that affect an application's response behavior and use of resources under stated conditions (ISO/IEC 25010). Performance Efficiency affects customer satisfaction, workforce productivity, application scalability, response-time degradation, and inefficient use of processing or storage resources. The Performance Efficiency of an application lies in each individual component 's performance, as well as in the effect of each component on the behavior of the chain of components comprising a transaction in which it participates.

The CISQ Automated Source Code Performance Efficiency Measure is composed from 15 critical violations of response time behavior, processor use, and memory use of an application. A quality score is produced based on the count of violations discovered in the source code and can be used as a density metric when divided by software size.

Maintainability

Maintainability represents the degree of effectiveness and efficiency with which a product or system can be modified by the intended maintainers (ISO 25010). Maintainability incorporates such concepts as changeability, modularity, understandability, testability, and reusability. Maintainability is responding rapidly to market conditions and keeping IT costs under control. The Maintainability of an application is a combination of compliance with good coding practices, the



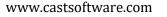
homogeneity with which coding rules are applied across an application, and compliance with architectural rules.

The CISQ Automated Source Code Maintainability Measure is composed from 20 critical violations that reduce the maintainability of a software application. A quality score is produced based on the count of violations discovered in the software that can be used as a density metric when divided by software size.

CAST Coverage of CISQ Rules

Security

| SR NO | RULE ID | TOTAL VIOLATIONS | CAST SUPPORT |
|-------|-----------------------------|---|-----------------|
| 1 | ASCSM-CWE-022: | Path Traversal Improper Input Neutralization | Yes |
| 2 | ASCSM-CWE-078: | OS Command Injection Improper Input Neutralization | Yes |
| 3 | ASCSM-CWE-079: | Cross-site Scripting Improper Input Neutralization | Yes |
| 4 | ASCSM-CWE-089: | SQL Injection Improper Input Neutralization | Yes |
| 5 | ASCSM-CWE-99: | Name or Reference Resolution Improper Input Neutralization | Yes |
| 6 | ASCSM-CWE-120: | Buffer Copy without Checking Size of Input | No |
| 7 | ASCSM-CWE-129: | Array Index Improper Input Neutralization | No |
| 8 | ASCSM-CWE-134: | Format String Improper Input Neutralization | Yes |
| 9 | ASCSM-CWE-252- resource: | Unchecked Return Parameter Value of named Callable and Method Control Element with Read, Write, and Manage Access to Platform Resource | No |
| 10 | ASCSM-CWE-327: | Broken or Risky Cryptographic Algorithm Usage | No |
| 11 | ASCSM-CWE-396: | Declaration of Catch for Generic Exception | Yes |
| 12 | ASCSM-CWE-397: | Declaration of Throws for Generic Exception | Yes |
| 13 | ASCSM-CWE-434: | File Upload Improper Input Neutralization | Yes |





| SR NO | RULE ID | TOTAL VIOLATIONS | CAST SUPPORT |
|-------|----------------|--|-----------------|
| 14 | ASCSM-CWE-456: | Storable and Member Data Element Missing Initialization | Yes |
| 15 | ASCSM-CWE-606: | Unchecked Input for Loop Condition | No |
| 16 | ASCSM-CWE-667: | Shared Resource Improper Locking | No |
| 17 | ASCSM-CWE-672: | Expired or Released Resource Usage | No |
| 18 | ASCSM-CWE-681: | Numeric Types Incorrect Conversion | No |
| 19 | ASCSM-CWE-772: | Missing Release of Resource after Effective Lifetime | Yes |
| 20 | ASCSM-CWE-789: | Uncontrolled Memory Allocation | No |
| 21 | ASCSM-CWE-798: | Hard-Coded Credentials Usage for Remote Authentication | No |
| 22 | ASCSM-CWE-835: | Loop with Unreachable Exit Condition (Infinite Loop) | Yes |



Reliability

| SR NO | RULE ID | TOTAL VIOLATIONS | CAST SUPPORT |
|----------|-----------------------------|---|---|
| 1 | ASCRM-CWE-120: | Buffer Copy without Checking Size of Input | No |
| 2 | ASCRM-CWE-252- data: | Unchecked Return Parameter Value of named Callable and Method Control Element with Read, Write, and Manage Access to Data Resource | Yes |
| 3 | ASCRM-CWE-252- resource: | Unchecked Return Parameter Value of named Callable and Method Control Element with Read, Write, and Manage Access to Platform Resource | Yes |
| 4 | ASCRM-CWE-396: | Declaration of Catch for Generic Exception | Yes |
| 5 | ASCRM-CWE-397: | Declaration of Throws for Generic Exception | Yes |
| 6 | ASCRM-CWE-456: | Storable and Member Data Element Missing Initialization | Yes |
| 7 | ASCRM-CWE-674: | Uncontrolled Recursion | Yes |
| 8 | ASCRM-CWE-704: | Incorrect Type Conversion or Cast | No |
| 9 | ASCRM-CWE-772: | Missing Release of Resource after Effective Lifetime | Yes |
| 10 | ASCRM-CWE-788: | Memory Location Access After End of Buffer | Yes |
| 11 | ASCRM-RLB-01: | Empty Exception Block | Yes |
| 12 | ASCRM-RLB-02: | Serializable Storable Data Element without Serialization Control Element | No |
| 13 | ASCRM-RLB-03: | Serializable Storable Data Element with non-Serializable Item Elements | Yes |
| 14 | ASCRM-RLB-04: | Persistent Storable Data Element without Proper Comparison Control Element | Yes |
| 15 | ASCRM-RLB-05: | Runtime Resource Management Control Element in a Component Built to Run on Application Servers | Yes |
| 16 | ASCRM-RLB-06: | Storable or Member Data Element containing Pointer Item Element without Proper Copy Control Element | N/A (Not applicable in the Java context, where there is no pointer) |
| 17 | ASCRM-RLB-07: | Class Instance Self Destruction Control Element | N/A (Not applicable in the Java context, where there is no explicit destruction of objects) |



| SR NO | RULE ID | TOTAL VIOLATIONS | CAST SUPPORT |
|----------|---------------|---|---|
| 18 | ASCRM-RLB-08: | Named Callable and Method Control Elements with Variadic Parameter Element | Yes |
| 19 | ASCRM-RLB-09: | Float Type Storable and Member Data Element Comparison with Equality Operator | Yes |
| 20 | ASCRM-RLB-10: | Data Access Control Element from Outside Designated Data Manager Component | Yes |
| 21 | ASCRM-RLB-11: | Named Callable and Method Control Element in Multi-Thread Context with non-Final Static Storable or Member Element | Yes |
| 22 | ASCRM-RLB-12: | Singleton Class Instance Creation without Proper Lock Element Management | Yes |
| 23 | ASCRM-RLB-13: | Inter-Module Dependency Cycles | Yes |
| 24 | ASCRM-RLB-14: | Parent Class Element with References to Child Class Element | Yes |
| 25 | ASCRM-RLB-15: | Class Element with Virtual Method Element without Virtual Destructor | N/A (Not applicable in the Java context, where there is no explicit destruction of objects) |
| 26 | ASCRM-RLB-16: | Parent Class Element without Virtual Destructor Method Element | N/A (Not applicable in the Java context, where there is no explicit destruction of objects) |
| 27 | ASCRM-RLB-17: | Child Class Element without Virtual Destructor unlike its Parent Class Element | N/A (Not applicable in the Java context, where there is no explicit destruction of objects) |
| 28 | ASCRM-RLB-18: | Storable and Member Data Element Initialization with Hard-Coded Network Resource Configuration Data | Yes |
| 29 | ASCRM-RLB-19: | Synchronous Call Time-Out Absence | Yes |
| | | | |



Efficiency

| SR NO | RULE ID | TOTAL VIOLATIONS | CAST SUPPORT |
|----------|----------------|---|--|
| 1 | ASCPEM-PRF-01 | Static Block Element containing Class Instance Creation Control Element | No |
| 2 | ASCPEM-PRF-02: | Immutable Storable and Member Data Element Creation | Yes |
| 3 | ASCPEM-PRF-03: | Static Member Data Element outside of a Singleton Class Element | Yes |
| 4 | ASCPEM-PRF-04: | Data Resource Read and Write Access Excessive Complexity | No |
| 5 | ASCPEM-PRF-05: | Data Resource Read Access Unsupported by Index Element | Yes |
| 6 | ASCPEM-PRF-06: | Large Data Resource Column Set Excessive Number of Index Elements | Yes |
| 7 | ASCPEM-PRF-07: | Large Data Resource Column Set with Index Element of Excessive Size | Yes |
| 8 | ASCPEM-PRF-08: | Control Elements Requiring Significant Resource Element within Control Flow Loop Block | Yes |
| 9 | ASCPEM-PRF-09: | Non-Stored SQL Callable Control Element with Excessive Number of Data Resource Access | Yes |
| 10 | ASCPEM-PRF-10: | Non-SQL Named Callable and Method Control Element with Excessive Number of Data Resource Access | Yes |
| 11 | ASCPEM-PRF-11: | Data Access Control Element from Outside Designated Data Manager Component | Yes |
| 12 | ASCPEM-PRF-12: | Storable and Member Data Element Excessive Number of Aggregated Storable and Member Data Elements | Yes |
| 13 | ASCPEM-PRF-13: | Data Resource Access not using Connection Pooling capability | N/A (Not applicable in the Java context, where memory is fully managed) |
| 14 | ASCPEM-PRF-14: | Storable and Member Data Element Memory Allocation Missing De- Allocation Control Element | Yes |
| 15 | ASCPEM-PRF-15: | Storable and Member Data Element Reference Missing De-Referencing Control Element | Yes |

Maintainability

| SR NO | RULE ID | TOTAL VIOLATIONS | CAST SUPPORT |
|----------|---------------|---|--------------|
| 1 | ASCMM-MNT-01: | Control Flow Transfer Control Element outside Switch Block | No |
| 2 | ASCMM-MNT-02: | Class Element Excessive Inheritance of Class Elements with Concrete Implementation | No |
| 3 | ASCMM-MNT-03: | Storable and Member Data Element Initialization with Hard-Coded Literals | Yes |
| 4 | ASCMM-MNT-04: | Callable and Method Control Element Number of Outward Calls | No |
| 5 | ASCMM-MNT-05: | Loop Value Update within the Loop | Yes |
| 6 | ASCMM-MNT-06: | Commented Code Element Excessive Volume | Yes |
| 7 | ASCMM-MNT-07: | Inter-Module Dependency Cycles | Yes |
| 8 | ASCMM-MNT-08: | Source Element Excessive Size | Yes |
| 9 | ASCMM-MNT-09: | Horizontal Layer Excessive Number | Yes |
| 10 | ASCMM-MNT-10: | Named Callable and Method Control Element Multi-Layer Span | Yes |
| 11 | ASCMM-MNT-11: | Callable and Method Control Element Excessive Cyclometric Complexity Value | Yes |
| 12 | ASCMM-MNT-12: | Named Callable and Method Control Element with Layer-skipping Call | Yes |
| 13 | ASCMM-MNT-13: | Callable and Method Control Element Excessive Number of Parameters | Yes |
| 14 | ASCMM-MNT-14: | Callable and Method Control Element Excessive Number of Control Elements involving Data Element from Data Manager or File Resource | Yes |
| 15 | ASCMM-MNT-15: | Public Member Element | Yes |
| 16 | ASCMM-MNT-16: | Method Control Element Usage of Member Element from other Class Element | Yes |
| 17 | ASCMM-MNT-17: | Class Element Excessive Inheritance Level | Yes |
| 18 | ASCMM-MNT-18: | Class Element Excessive Number of Children | Yes |
| 19 | ASCMM-MNT-19: | Named Callable and Method Control Element Excessive Similarity | Yes |



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| SR NO | RULE ID | TOTAL VIOLATIONS | CAST SUPPORT |
|----------|---------------|--|--------------|
| 20 | ASCMM-MNT-20: | Unreachable Named Callable or Method Control Element | Yes |

